



Operations Research

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information:
<http://pubsonline.informs.org>

Books Received

To cite this article:

(1972) Books Received. Operations Research 20(4):918-919. <https://doi.org/10.1287/opre.20.4.918>

Full terms and conditions of use: <https://pubsonline.informs.org/Publications/Librarians-Portal/PubsOnLine-Terms-and-Conditions>

This article may be used only for the purposes of research, teaching, and/or private study. Commercial use or systematic downloading (by robots or other automatic processes) is prohibited without explicit Publisher approval, unless otherwise noted. For more information, contact permissions@informs.org.

The Publisher does not warrant or guarantee the article's accuracy, completeness, merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or non-infringement. Descriptions of, or references to, products or publications, or inclusion of an advertisement in this article, neither constitutes nor implies a guarantee, endorsement, or support of claims made of that product, publication, or service.

© 1972 INFORMS

Please scroll down for article—it is on subsequent pages



With 12,500 members from nearly 90 countries, INFORMS is the largest international association of operations research (O.R.) and analytics professionals and students. INFORMS provides unique networking and learning opportunities for individual professionals, and organizations of all types and sizes, to better understand and use O.R. and analytics tools and methods to transform strategic visions and achieve better outcomes. For more information on INFORMS, its publications, membership, or meetings visit <http://www.informs.org>

this text is no longer unique. For instance, *Mathematical Economics* (Lancaster) and *General Equilibrium Theory and Welfare Economics* (Quirk and Saposnik) offer a broader and more up-to-date coverage of similar material. Even so, this book is a welcome addition to my bookshelf because its coverage and viewpoint are not identical to other texts.

B. YAGED, JR.
Bell Telephone Laboratories

Books Received

- RUSSELL L. ACKOFF AND FRED E. EMERY, *On Purposeful Systems*, Aldine-Atherton, Chicago, Ill., 1972, 288 pages, \$12.95.
- BENJAMIN AVI-ITZHAK, editor, *Developments in Operations Research* (The Proceedings of the Third Annual Israel Conference on Operations Research), Gordon and Breach, New York, N.Y., 1971, 622 pages in two volumes, \$28.00–49.50 (depending on source and method of purchase).
- WILLIAM A. BOCCHINO, *Management Information Systems*, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1972, 404 pages, \$12.95.
- ROBERT B. COOPER, *Introduction to Queuing Theory*, Macmillan, New York, N.Y., 1972, 277 pages, \$10.95.
- W. ARTHUR CULLMAN AND HARRY R. KNUDSON, editors, *Management Problems in International Environments*, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1972, 457 pages, \$13.95.
- JAMES S. DUESENBERY, *Money and Credit: Impact and Control*, Third Edition Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1972, 147 pages, \$6.95 (\$2.95 in paper).
- JOHN E. FREUND AND FRANK J. WILLIAMS, *Elementary Business Statistics*, Second Edition, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1972, 524 pages, \$12.95.
- JOHN FRANCIS GORGOL, *The Military-Industrial Firm*, Praeger, New York, N.Y., 1972, 143 pages.
- H. L. GRAY AND W. R. SCHUCANY, *The Generalized Jackknife Statistic*, Marcel Dekker, New York, N.Y., 1972, 308 pages, \$14.50.
- DANIEL GROUCHKO, editor, *Operations Research and Reliability*, Gordon and Breach, New York, N.Y., 1972, 625 pages, \$15.60–34.50 (depending on source and method of purchase).
- DAVID M. HIMMELBLAU, *Applied Nonlinear Programming*, McGraw-Hill, New York, N.Y., 1972, 498 pages, \$18.50.
- WILLIAM W. HINES AND DOUGLAS C. MONTGOMERY, *Probability and Statistics in Engineering and Management Science*, Ronald Press Company, New York, N.Y., 1972, 509 pages.
- KENNETH W. GOHRING, NEWTON D. SWAIN, AND RICHARD L. SAUDER, editors, *Progress in Simulation—Volume 2* (Proceedings of Fifth Annual Simulation Symposium), Gordon and Breach, New York, N.Y., 369 pages, \$12.50–19.75 (depending on source and method of purchase).
- CHARLES D. LAIDLAW, *Linear Programming for Urban Development Plan Evaluation*, Praeger, New York, N.Y., 1972, 283 pages, \$18.50.
- WARD DOUGLAS MAURER, *Programming: An Introduction to Computer Techniques*, Holden-Day, San Francisco, Cal., 1972, 335 pages, \$12.95.

- JOHN MOTIL, *Digital Systems Fundamentals*, McGraw-Hill, New York, N.Y., 1972, 390 pages, \$15.50.
- YVES MULLER, *Applications Pratiques des Graphes*, Eyrolles, Paris, France, 1972, 87 pages, 25 F (paper).
- ELLIOT I. ORGANICK, *The Multics System: An Examination of Its Structure*, MIT Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1972, 392 pages, \$13.95.
- DONALD M. SIMMONS, *Linear Programming for Operations Research*, Holden-Day San Francisco, Cal., 1972, 288 pages, \$12.95.
- CYRIL SOFER, *Organization in Theory and Practice*, Basic Books, New York, N.Y., 1972, 419 pages, \$12.50.
- JAY E. STRUM, *Introduction to Linear Programming*, Holden-Day, San Francisco, Cal., 1972, 404 pages.
- DON R. SWANSON AND ABRAHAM BOOKSTEIN, editors, *Operations Research: Implications for Libraries*, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, Ill., 1972, 160 pages, \$7.95.
- GERHARD TINTNER AND JATI K. SENGUPTA, *Stochastic Economics*, Academic Press, New York, N.Y., 1972, 315 pages, \$16.00.
- BENJAMIN WARD, *What's Wrong with Economics?*, Basic Books, New York, N.Y., 1972, 273 pages, \$6.95.

Books for review, reviews, and correspondence with respect to *The Analyst's Bookshelf* should be addressed to its Editor, WALTER HELLY, The Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, Brooklyn, New York, 11201.